Inland Container Depot and Ware House (Logistic) Project	Compliance Status Report
located at Village-Janoli&Baghola, Distt. Palwal, Haryana	(April to September 2014)

Name of Project:Inland Container Depot and Ware House (Logistic) Project located at Village-Janouli&Baghola, Distt. Palwal, Haryana by M/s. Hind Terminals Pvt. Ltd.

Environmental Clearance Letter No.: SEIAA/HR/2012/311 dated 8.10.2012

Period of Compliance: April to September 2014

PART I

Compliance of Stipulated Conditions of Environmental Clearance

Part A-Specific Conditions:-

I. Construction Phase:-

S. No.	Specific Conditions	Reply
i.	"Consent for Establish" shall be obtained	We have obtained Consent to Establish from
	fromHaryana State Pollution Control Board	HSPCB vide letter no.
	under Air and Water Act and a copy shall be	HSPCB/TAC/2013/2807 dated 07/02/2013
	submitted to SEIAA, Haryana before the start of	and is enclosed as Annexure-1.
	any construction work at site	
ii.	A first aid room as proposed in the project shall	A Separate first aid room at the site has been
	be provided both during construction and	provided and is being used during
	operational phase of the project.	construction phase of the project. Please
		refer to photographs attached
		asAnnexure- 2.
iii.	Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities	Drinking water and sanitary facilities
	should be provided for construction workers at	arebeing provided to the workers and source
	the site. Provision should be made for mobile	of drinking water is hired water
	toilets. Open defecation by the laboures is	tankers.Waste water generation is approx10
	strictly prohibited. The safe disposal of waste	KLD and being disposed off using water for
	water and the solid waste generated during the	sprinkling and for soil formation work.
	construction phase should be ensured.	Hence no disposal of waste water needed in
		construction phase.
iv.	All the top soil excavated during construction	Top soil excavated has beenused for Green
	activities should be stored for use in	belt development, landscaping etc.
	horticulture/landscape development within the	

	project site.	
v.	Disposal of muck during construction phase should not create any adverseeffect on the neighboring communities and be disposed of taking necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority. Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials, must not be allowed to contaminate water courses and the dump sites for such material must be secured so that they should not leach into the	There is no muck generation at present. Finishing work is in progress. The Safety helmets and shoes have been provided to laborers to minimize dust inhalation. Most of the construction waste has been reused on site. There is no construction spoils. Nobituminous materials generated or used at the site, in present construction phase. All construction waste has been used within site itself for filling under floors; roads etc. to the
	groundwater and any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, should be disposed offas per applicable rules and norms with necessary approval of Haryana State Pollution Control Board.	extent feasible. Remaining waste is disposed as per applicable rules. Soil& Water Quality results are enclosed as Annexure-3 .
vii.	The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase should be of low sulphur diesel type and should conform to Environment (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.	Low sulphur diesel type DG sets have been used. Currently the temporary power supply of 63 KVA is taken from DHBVN.The DG details utilized for power already submitted with previous report.
viii.	The diesel required for operating DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if required, clearance from Chief Controller of Explosives shall be taken.	Quantity of Diesel used for D.G. Set is verysmall therefore no need to stored in underground tank & we are procuring from nearby sources and directly filling the DG tank for construction phase.
ix.	Ambient noise levels should conform to standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures	Ambient Air and Noise level monitoring has been done and the results are enclosed as Annexure-4&5. Measures taken for reducing Air & Noise

	should be taken to reduce ambient air and noise	pollution are as given below:
	level during construction phase, so as to	✓ Dust suppression system (water
	conform to stipulated residential standards.	spray) has been used at construction
		site and unpaved roads.
		\checkmark During transportation, materials are
		being covered by tarpaulin sheets
		✓ Dust generation is reduced by using
		sharp teeth for excavation machinery
		✓ Provision of silencer to modulate
	·	padding / noise isolators at
		equipment / machinery used for construction
		✓ Regular maintenance of vehicles &
		machinery is being carried out
		✓ Construction activity limited up to
		Day time only
		✓ D.G. sets has been kept in acoustic
		enclosures.
x.	Fly ash should be used as building material in	Ready Mix Concrete has been used as
	the construction as per the provisions of the Fly	building material. Fly ash bricks have also
	Ash Notification of September 1999 and as	been used. PPC is used in lieu of OPC for
	amended on 27th august 2003.	energy conservation.
xi.	Ready mix concrete must be used in building	We have used ready mix concrete for
	construction.	building construction.
xii.	Storm water control and its reuse as per CGWA	Well planned Storm Water drainage has
	and BIS standards for various applications	been designed upto the final phase and shall
	should be ensured.	be executed in phased manner.
xiii.	Water demands during construction should be	Ready mixed concrete has been used to
	reduced by the use of pre mixed concrete, curing	reduce water demand. Construction
****	agents and other best practices as referred.	chemicals are being used whenever needed.

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xiv.	Permission from competent authority for supply of water shall be obtained prior to operation of the project.	The area falls under safe category as per the ground water assessment carried out by CGWA. The total requirement of ground water is 123 Cum. The approvalof CGWA regarding the same is enclosed as Annexure-6.
xv.	Roof should meet perspective requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirements.	Roof tops of building are designed with puffing/bricks bat coba for water proofing and thermal insulation. Roof tops will also have partly landscaped area/gardens in its final phase.
xvi.	Opaque wall should meet perspective requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code which is proposed to be mandatory for all air conditioned spaces while it is apparitional for non air conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirements.	This has been adequately dovetailed and executed while construction of façade and building interior works. DGU has been used to reduce heat and AC loads.
xvii.	The approval of the Competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the building on account of earthquake, adequacy of fire fightingequipments etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc. If any forest land is involved in the proposed site, clearance under The Forest Conservation Act shall be obtained from the competent Authority.	Buildingis designed on account of structural safety from earthquake, adequacy of fire fightingequipments etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc. A copy of Approved building plan is enclosed as Annexure-7. No Forest land is involved in proposed site and NOC from Forest department has been obtained and is enclosed as Annexure-8.
xviii.	The PP shall use water for construction phase only after getting prior permission from CGWA for using the bore well water for construction purposes.	Water from hired water tankers is being used for construction activity. For operation phase permission has already been obtained. Refer Annexure-6 .

xix.	The project proponent shall construct sufficient	16 No. of Rain water harvesting pits will be
	nos. rain water harvesting pits for recharging	constructed in phased manner for
	the ground water within the project premises.	recharging ground water within the project
	Rain water harvesting pits shall be designed to	premises as per the RWH plan up to the final
	make provisions for silting chamber and	phase of the project.RWH plan is enclosed as
	removal of floating matter before entering	Annexure-9.
	harvesting pit. Maintenance budget and persons	
	responsible for maintenance must be provided.	
	Care shall also be takenthat contaminated water	
	do not enter any RWH pit.	
XX.	The size of RHW pits particularly depth of the	Due to nature of industry it is not feasible to
	pit proposed is too much which shall make it	provide RWH pits in every acre, as it
	difficult to maintain.Number of RHW pits shall	hampers the operational efficiency. The run-
	be increased substantially (preferably as per	off water is collected through Storm Water
	norm of 1 pit per acre) by changing the size of	Drain and collected into the RWH pits, which
	the RHW pits.	are deep enough to discharge into ground
		water. Please refer Annexure -10. This
		aspect was amplified during our
-		presentation for environment clearance and
		in the report for Ground Water Withdrawal
		permission.
xxi.	The project proponent shall provide minimum	All buildings within the complex are planned
	one hydraulic ladder for escape of people in case	with provision of fire management as per
	of fire.	NBCC code. Since none of the buildings are
		more than 4 stories and hence Hydraulic
		ladder is not needed.
xxii.	The project proponent shall submit assurance	The approval from DHBVN has been
	from the DHBVN for supply of 2000 KVA power	obtained is enclosed as Annexure -11.
	supply before the start of construction. In no	
	case project will be operational solely on	
	generation without any power supply from	
	external power utility.	
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xxiii.	The project proponent shall seek clearance from	DPRand ESP Approval from Northern
	Railway Authorities for construction of rail track	Railway has been obtained and a copy of the
	in the premises.	same is enclosed as Annexure - 12.
xxiv.	The project proponent shall not cut any existing	There are no plans to cut any tree in the
	tree and project landscaping plan should be	project area as there areno tree existing.
	modified to include those trees in green area.	However for railway line outside the project
		area, necessary permission shall be obtained
***************************************	·	when work commences.

II. Operational Phase:

S. No.	Specific Conditions	Compliance Report
a.	The project proponent shall setup/ install	The proposed STP for phase 1 operation of
	STP of sufficient capacity for treatment of	the project is as given in Annexure-13.
	waste water for the treatment of sewage to	This shall cater for complete phase 1
	the prescribed standards including odor and	operation. As and when subsequent phases
	treated effluent will be recycled to achieve	are planned STP shall also be buildup and
	zero exit discharge. The installation of the	integrated accordingly. The treated water is
	STP should be certified by an independent	being utilized for gardening and
	expert and a report in this regard should be	arboriculture purposes.
	submitted to the SEIAA, Haryana before the	
	project is commissioned for operation.	
	Discharge of treated sewage shall conform to	
	the norms and standards of HSPCB,	
	Panchkula.	
b.	Separation of the grey and black water	Treated water quantity is just adequate for
	should be done by the use of dual plumbing	gardening/ arboriculture. Hence dual
	line. Treatment of 100% gray water by	plumbing is not planned and treated water
	decentralized treatment should be done	is proposed to be utilized for gardening/
	ensuring that the re-circulated water should	maintenance/ cleaning purposes.
	have BOD maximum up to 10 ppm and the	
	recycled water will be used for flushing,	
	gardening and DG set cooling and running of	

measures conforming to energy conservation preparation and shall be submitted. norms finalized by bureau of energy earliest. efficiency should be prepared incorporating building details about material technology, R & U factors etc. and submitted to the SEIAA, Haryana in three months time. conservation measures like Energy Energy conservation measures: installation of CFLs/TFLs for llighting the ✓ Passive Solar designs refer to the areas outside the building should be integral use of Sun's energy for the heating part of project design and should be in place and cooling of living spaces is before project commissioning. Used CFLs & dovetailed. TFLs should be properly collected and ✓ Public areas will be cooled by disposed off/sent for re-cycling as per the natural ventilation as opposed to air prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory conditioning authority to avoid Mercury contamination. ✓ Feasibility for installation of solar Use of solar panels must be adapted to photovoltaic cells for street lighting maximum extent possible for energy is being assessed. conservation. ✓ Use of CFL lamps instead of GLS lamps for street lighting is planned. ✓ Use of CFL/LED lamps instead of HPSV lamps for High Mast is being analyzed. ✓ Use of Solar backed LED landscape lights instead of par lamps in standalone areas is being studied. The solid waste generated should be n. Solid waste generation will be collected properly collected & segregated as per the from designated locations and segregated requirement of the MSW Rules, 2000 and as into inorganic and organic wastes. The amended from time The organic biodegradable wastes biodegradable waste should be composted vegetables, foods etc.) will be treated by by vermi-composting at the site ear marked

	within the project area and dry/inert solid	Vermicomposting in the project premises
	waste should be disposed off to the approved	for conversion into manure.Alternatively
	sites for land filing after recovering	the waste shall be disposed through
	recyclable material.	authorized vendors.
0.	The provision of the solar heating system	Provision for Solar Heating system will be
	shall be as per norms specified by HAREDA	as per HAREDA specified norms.
	and shall be made operational in each	✓ Passive Solar designs refer to the use of
	building block.	Sun's energy for the heating and cooling
		of living spaces
		✓ The orientation of the building would
		be done in such a manner that most of
		glazed areas in north and east
p.	The project proponent shall use the water	The area falls under 'safe' category as per
•	from the already existing tube wells for	the ground water assessment carried out
	domestic purposes only after getting	by CGWA.The total requirement of ground
	permission from CGWA during operational	water is restricted to 123Cum.The approval
	phase.	of CGWA copy regarding the same is
		enclosedas Annexure-6.
q.	The project proponent shall adopt adequate	Appropriate traffic policy & parking plan
•	air pollution control measures to mitigate the	will be developed to avoid congestion as
	air pollution problems and also ensure to	per the Traffic and parking Plan enclosed
	provide sufficient space for parking of	above as Annexure-9.
	vehicles to avoid any congestion on the road	
	during peak season. Parking space should be	
	calculated keeping in mind that much more	
	space is required for trucks to turn and move	
	as compared to smaller vehicles.	
r.	The project proponent shall ensure that no	We ensure that dust suppression will be
	dust is raised even during peak season	done and NAAQS standards will be followed
	operation phase. NAAQS standards must be	in both phases.
	maintained during both construction and	
	operation phase.	
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	fountain in the water body to achieve zero	
	exit discharge.	
c.	For disinfection of the treated waste water	Moving Bed Bio Reactor (MBBR)
	ultra violet radiationor ozonisationprocess	technology with aeration is planned for
	should be used.	waste water treatment.
d.	The solid waste generated should be	Appropriate arrangement for the collection,
	properly collected & segregated.	segregation and disposal of solid waste will
	Biodegradable waste shall be decomposed at	be done in phased manner for Complete
	site and dry/inert waste should be disposed	ICD.
	off to approved sites for land filling after	
	recovering recyclable material.	
e.	Diesel power generating sets proposed as	Provision of approx4 No. of DG Sets of
	source of backup power for lifts, common	(4x500 KVA) 2000 KVA capacity is
	area illumination and for domestic use	proposed for power back up (upto final
	should be of enclosed type and conform to	phase of the project). DG sets will be of
	rules under the Environment (protection)	"enclosed type" and equipped with acoustic
	act, 1986. The location of the DG sets should	enclosures to minimize the emission and
	be in the basement as promised by the	the adequate stack height for proper
	project proponent with appropriate stack	dispersion. The installation of DG sets shall
	height i.e above the roof level as per the	be done in phased manner.
	CPCB norms. The diesel for DG set should be	
	of low sulphur contents (maximum up to	
	0.25%)	
f.	Ambient noise level should be controlled to	✓ Green belt will be developed for
	ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed	reduce Ambient Noise along
	standards both within and at the boundary of	periphery.
	the proposed ware house complex.	✓ D.G. sets will be kept in acoustic
		enclosures
g.	The project proponent should maintain at	Green belt will be developed as per the
	least 32.28% as green cover area for tree	enclosed Green Belt development Plan as
	plantation especially all around the	Annexure-14.
	periphery of the project and on the roadsides	

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	preferably with local species so as to provide protection against particulates and noise. The open spaces 10.28% inside the plot	
	should be preferably landscaped and covered	
	with vegetation/grass, shrubs and herbs.	
	Only locally available plants species shall be	
	used.	
h.	Weep holes in the compound front walls shall	The weep holes at adequate interval are
	be provided to ensure natural drainage of	planned along boundary wall alongwith
	rainwater in the catchment area during the	filter & protection media. This shall be
	monsoon period.	implemented in phased manner, wherever
		the formation work is completed alongside
		boundary wall.
i.	Rain water harvesting for roof run off and	As ensured, same will be developed as per
	surface run off, as per plan submitted should	submitted RWH Plan. Kindly refer above
	be implemented. Before recharging the	enclosed as Annexure-9 .
	surface run off, pre treatment through sedimentation tanks must be done to remove	
	suspended matter, oil and grease. The bore	
	well for ground water recharging should be	
	kept at least 5 mts. above the highest ground	
	water table.	
j.	The ground water levels and its quality	The ground water level & quality samples
	should be monitored regularly in	will be monitored regularly.
	consultation with Central Ground Water	
	Authority.	
k.	Sufficient parking should be provided within	Sufficient parking space will be developed
	the project boundary and in no case loading,	in project boundary for loading, unloading,
	unloading, waiting etc. is allowed on public	waiting etc.as per the terminal
	road/space outside project boundary.	development plan. Please refer Annexure –
		9.
l.	A report on the energy Conservation	The Energy Conservation report is under

S.	The project proponent shall check the last	The Project Site is at located in village janoli	
	100 years highest flood level, so that facility	and Baghola which is at a distance of	
	is not prone to water logging.	approx. 15 km in West from the Yamuna	
		flood prone area and project will have	
		proper drainage system and rain water	
		harvesting system to accumulate rainfall	
		website. Thus the facility shall not be prone	
		to water logging issue. HFL as per records	
		is 189.47m while the terminal level is	
		199.86 m. (Refer Annexure-15)	
t.	The project proponent is proposing for the	Proper arrangement for disposal of waste	
	storage of many types of materials including	will be done as per procedure in vouge.	
	perishable items, so proper arrangement for		
	disposal of waste shall be made.		
u.	Pollution control measures for oil/diesel	Vehicles shall be ensured to have a valid	
	waste due to large no of trucks involved in	PUC certificate.	
	transportation shall be made.		
v.	Scheme of fire fighting shall be got approved	Approved plan attached.(Refer Annexure-	
	from the concerned authority and shall be	16)	
	completed before commissioning the project.		
w.	All arrangements shall be made a per	The Hazardous waste will be used oil from	
	Hazardous waste (management & handling)	DG sets which will be stored in HDPE	
	rules, 2008 and manufacture & storage &	(High-density Polyethylene) drums in	
	import of hazardous chemical rules, 1989 as	isolated covered facility. This used oil will	
	amended up to date before commissioning of	be disposed to authorized recyclers.	
	the project.	Whenever we plan to handle hazardous	
		cargo in the terminal separate permission	
		shall be taken, Fire Safety arrangement and	
		waste disposal shall be planned, as per the	
		rules.	
x.	Standard for discharge of environmental	Standard for discharge of environmental	
	pollutants as enshrined in various schedules	pollutants is being complied while during	
	of rule 3 of Environment Protection Act, 1986	construction and shall be followed during	

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	shall be complied with.	the operational phase as well.	
y.	The project proponent shall ensure that road	It shall be ensured that Vehicles reaching to	
	connecting national highway to the site is not	Warehouse site have valid PUC certificate	
	damaged due to heavy (over loaded) traffic	and the Road connecting to Highways shall	
	movement. All vehicles coming to ware house	not be damaged due to heavy traffic	
	site shall be well maintained and their	movement.	
	emission shall be within the CPCB norms.		
Z.	Monitoring of sound PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , ground	We are regularly monitoring all the	
	water and other emissions shall be done on	mentioned parameters on monthly basis in	
***************************************	monthly basis in the abadi area near the	the abadi area i.e; village Janouli near the	
	project site.	project site. Refer Report as Annexure-17.	
aa.	The project proponent shall avoid use of	Treated water will be used for horticulture	
**************************************	fresh ground water for horticulture purpose.	purpose and fresh water will not be used.	
	Instead treated water shall be used with the		
	help of drip irrigation and low water		
	consuming species.		
ab.	No leachate of chemicals is allowed on the	Agreed and Noted.	
	project site.		
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Part - B. General Conditions:

S. No.	Conditions	Compliance Report	
i.	The project proponent shall ensure the commitments made in Form-1, form 1 A, EMP and other documents submitted to theSEIAA for the protection of environment and proposed environmental safeguards are compiled within letter and spirit	Noted & Agreed	
ii.	Six monthly compliance reports should be submitted to the HSPCB and Regional Office, MOEF, GOI, Northern Region, Chandigarh and copy to the SEIAA, PanchkulaHaryana	Six monthlycompliance reports will be regularly submitted to respective authority.	

iii.	The SEIAA, Haryana reserves the right to	Noted &Agreed.
	add the additional safeguard measures	
	subsequently, if found necessary.	
	Environmental clearance granted will be	
	revoked if it is found that false information	
	has been given for getting approval of the	
	project. SEIAA reserves the right to revoke	
	the clearance if conditions stipulated are not	
	implemented to the satisfaction of	
	SEIAA/MOEF.	
iv.	The project proponent shall start	NOC from Forest department is already
	construction only after getting NOC from the	enclosed above as Annexure-8.
	forest department that the area under	
	consideration does not fall under section- 4	
	and 5 of PLPA- 1900	
v.	All other statutoryclearances such as the	NOC from Forest Department is already
	approval for the storage of diesel from Chief	enclosed above as Annexure-8.
	Controller of Explosives, Fire Department,	
	Civil Aviation Department, Forest	
	Conservation Act, 1980, and Wildlife	
	(Protection) Act, 1972, Forest ACT, 1927	
	etc. shall be obtained, as applicable by	
	proponents from the respective authorities	
	prior to construction of the project.	
vi.	Under the provisions of Environment	Agreed
	(protection) act, 1986, legal action shall be	
	initiated against the project proponent if it is	
	found that the construction of the project	
	has been started before taking	
	environmental clearance.	
vii.	The project proponent should inform the	A copy of Advertisement given in local
	public that the project has been accorded	newspaper is enclosed as Annexure-18.
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	environmental clearance by the SEIAA and	
	copies of clearance letter available with the	
	State Pollution Control Board & SEIAA. This	
***************************************	should be advertised within 7 days from the	
-	date of issue of the clearance letter at least in	
	two local newspapers that are widely	
	circulated in the region and the copy of same	
	should be forwarded to SEIAA, Haryana.	
viii.	Any appeal against the this environmental	Agreed.
	clearance shall lie with the national green	
tribunal, if preferred , within a period of		
30days as prescribed under section 16 of		
	The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010	
iz	. The fund ear marked for the environment	Noted & Agreed.
	protection measures should be kept in	
	separate account and shouldnot be diverted	
	for otherpurposes and year wise	
	expenditure shall be reported to the	
	SEIAA/RO MOEF GOI under rules prescribed	
	for Environment Audit.	
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PART II

Environmental Monitoring Report

2.1 AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

2.1.1 Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations

Ambient air quality monitoring has been carried out at four locations; one is at the project site (near Site Office), Downwind Direction (near Main Gate), Upwind Direction (near Logistic Tower) and another one is at Village- Janouli to assess the ambient air quality. This will enable to have a comparative analytical understanding about air quality and the changes in the air environment in the study area with respect to the condition prevailing. The locations of the ambient air quality monitoring stations are given in **Table 2.1**.

Table2.1 Details of Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations

S. No.	Location	Location Name/ Description	
	Code		
1.	AAQ-1	Project Site (near Site Office)	
2.	AAQ-2	Downwind direction (near Main Gate)	
3.	AAQ-3	Upwind Direction (near Logistic Tower)	
4.	AAQ-4	Village- Janouli	

2.1.2 Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Methodology

Monitoring was conducted in respect of the following parameters:

- Particulate Matter (PM 2.5)
- Particulate Matter (PM 10)
- Sulphur dioxide (SO₂)
- Nitrogen dioxide (NO₂)

The duration of sampling of PM2.5, PM10, SO_2 and NO_2 was 8 hourly sampling per day. The monitoring was conducted for eight hours at each location. This is to allow a comparison with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

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Ambient Air Quality monitoring was carried out as per the CPCB guidelines and analyze as per IS: 5182. The techniques used for ambient air quality monitoring and minimum detectable levels are given in **Table 2.2**.

Table 2.2 Monitoring Method and Other Details

Attributes	Sampling		Measurement Method	
	Duration Instrument Used			
Particulate Matter (PM10)	era eu derum enmas jurid en		IS: 5182 (P-23), 2006	
μg/m3		Repairable Dust		
Particulate Matter (PM2.5)	8 Hourly	Sampler along with	PM 2.5 Sampler	
μg/m3		gaseous	(Gravimetric)	
Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) μg/m3	-	attachment and	IS: 5182 (P-2), 2001	
Nitrogen dioxide (NO ₂) μg/m3	,	fine particulate	IS: 5182 (P-6), 1975	
		sampler.	Reffirmed-1998	
	1	1	1	

2.1.3 Results of Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

The detailed on-site monitoring results of PM 2.5, PM 10, SO_2 and NO_2 are presented in Table 2.3

Table 2.3
Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Results of current monitoring (April to Sept 2014)

S. No.	Locn. Code	Location	(PM _{2.5}) (μg/m³)	(PM ₁₀) (μg/m³)	NO2 (μg/m³)	SO ₂ (μg/m³)
1.	AAQ-1	Project Site (near Site Office)	40.00	85.10	25.20	10.43
2.	AAQ-2	Downwind Direction (near Main Gate)	41.07	87.56	25.87	10.15
3.	AAQ-3	Upwind Direction (near Logistic Tower)	37.50	79.29	22.67	9.33
4.	AAQ-4	Village - Janouli	39.68	82.09	19.31	9.46
*NA	AQS	1	60	100	80	80

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*NAAQS - National Ambient Air Quality Standards

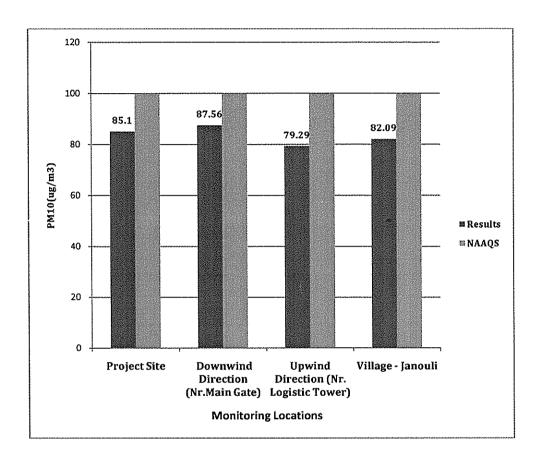


Fig: 2.1 Graph Showing the Results of Ambient Air Quality - PM10

Inland Container Depot and Ware House (Logistic) Project located at Village-Janoli & Baghola, Distt. Palwal, Haryana

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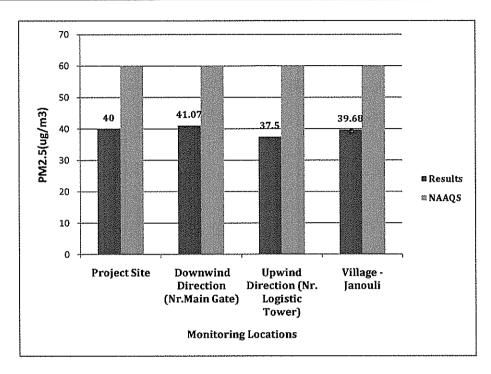


Fig: 2.2 Graph Showing the Results of Ambient Air Quality - PM2.5

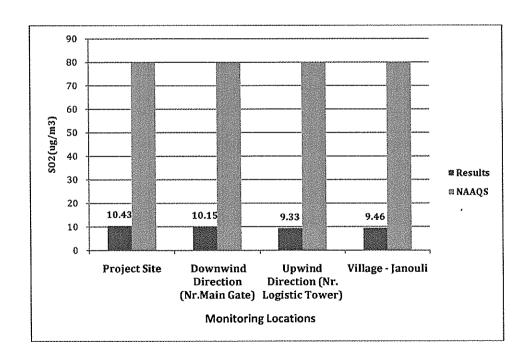


Fig: 2.3 Graph Showing the Results of Ambient Air Quality - SO2

Inland Container Depot and Ware House (Logistic) Project located at Village-Janoli & Baghola, Distt. Palwal, Haryana

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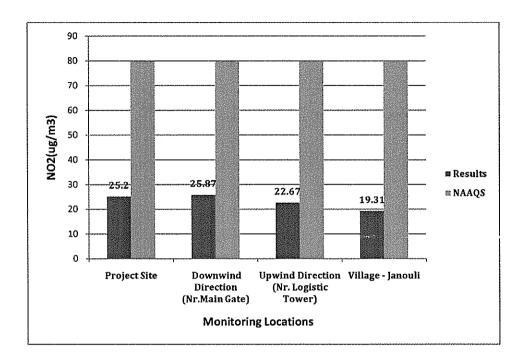


Fig: 2.4 Graph Showing the Results of Ambient Air Quality - NO2

2.1.4 Discussion on Ambient Air Quality in the Study Area

The air quality monitoring parameters (PM10, PM2.5, SO2, NO2) were observed within the prescribed limits by NAAQS at all monitoring locations. Station wise variation of ambient air quality parameters has been pictorially shown in Fig., 2.1; 2.2; 2.3; 2.4

2.2 AMBIENT NOISE MONITORING

2.2.1 Ambient Noise Monitoring Locations

The main objective of noise monitoring in the study area is to assess the present ambient noise levels. A preliminary reconnaissance survey has been undertaken to identify the major noise generating sources in the area. Ambient noise monitoring was conducted at 4 locations at the boundary of the project site as given in **Table 2.4**.

Table 2.4 Details of Ambient Noise Monitoring Stations

S. No.	Location Code	Location Name/ Description
1.	NQS-01	Project Site

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2.	NQS-02	Near Construction Area
3.	NQS-03	Village - Janouli
4.	NQS-04	Village - Jasola

2.2.2 Methodology of Noise Monitoring

Noise is defined as unwanted sound that create interferences in speech communication, causes annoyance, disturbance in work concentration and sleep, thus deteriorating quality of Noise environment. In the present study Noise monitoring undertaken at 4 locations. Since loudness of sound is the important parameter to access the effects of particular activities on human being, and for noise environment assessment that must be taken into the account. Hourly Sound Pressure Level (SPL) was recorded with Sound level Meter (Envirotech SLM 100) for 24 hours. The Leq value has been computed from SPL readings taken at uniform time intervals from the relation as under:

$$L_{eq} = 10 \log 1/n \sum_{n_{1=1}}^{n_{1=1}} 10^{SPL/10}$$

2.2.3 Results of Ambient Noise Monitoring

The location wise ambient noise monitoring results is summarized in **Table 2.5**. The location-wise variation of noise levels are graphically presented in **Figure 2.5& 2.6**

Table 2.5

Ambient Noise Monitoring Results of current monitoring (April to Sept 2014)

Monitoring Locations	Location Detail	Shift	Parameters		
			Lmax	Lmin	L _{eq}
		Day Time	77.45	44.80	54.82
NQS-01	Project Site	Night Time	54.60	39.20	44.48
NQS-02	Near Construction	Day Time	72.10	43.34	55.90
	Area	Night Time	53.90	38.20	46.70
	Village - Janouli	Day Time	64.20	40.80	52.23
NQS-03		Night Time	47.00	37.90	42.62

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NQS-03		Day Time	66.10	40.50	51.90
	Village - Jasola	Night Time	50.09	37.70	42.00
CPCB Limits for		Day Time	bu.	-	55
Residential Area		Night Time	-	-	45
CPCB Limits		Day Time	-	-	75
for Industrial Area		Night Time	•	-	70

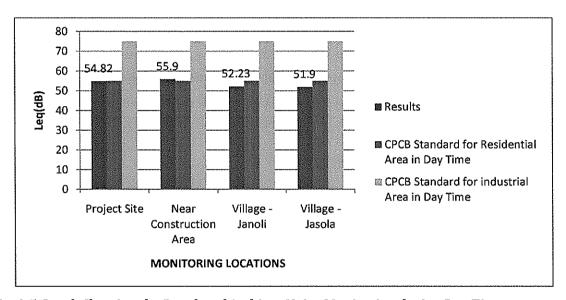
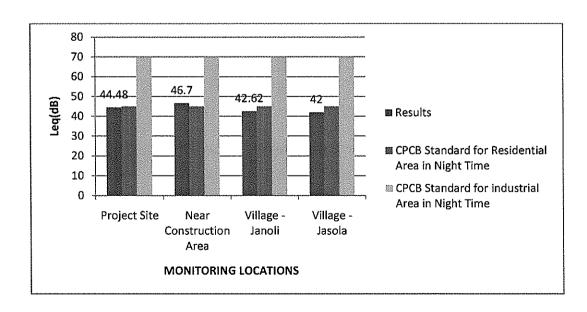


Fig: 2.5 Graph Showing the Results of Ambient Noise Monitoring during Day Time



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Fig: 2.6 Graph Showing the Results of Ambient Noise Monitoring during Night Time

2.2.4 Discussion on Ambient Noise Levels in the Study Area: -

The location-wise variation of noise levels are graphically presented in **Figure 2.5**&**2.6** It is observed that the L_{eq} values during day time and during night time are well within the prescribed limits by CPCB - Ambient Standards for noise.

2.3 WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS

Water is the most important natural resources. In order to assess the water quality, three water sample one from Bore well and another from RO, were collected from the Project site and Physico-Chemical examination was undertaken by Standard methods (American Public Health Association -APHA/ and the Bureau of Indian Standards -BIS). Bacterial examination was carried out to identify the microbiological contamination in source.

2.3.1 Methodology of water Quality Monitoring

Sampling of water was carried out on Sept. 2014. Samples were collected as grab sample and sampling forms are filled in as per the sampling plan. The preservative sample were properly added to preserve as per standard operating procedures (SOP) and stored immediately in ice boxes, which were ensured for appropriate temperatures. Sample for chemical analysis was collected in polyethylene carboys. Sample collected for metal content were acidified to <2 pH with 1 ml HNO₃. A sample for bacteriological analysis was collected in sterilized glass bottles. The analytical techniques and the test methods & sampling results are enclosed as **Annexure-3**

2.3 SOIL MONITORING

2.4.1 Soil Monitoring Locations

The objective of the soil monitoring is to identify the impacts of ongoing project activities on soil quality and also predict impacts, which have arisen due to execution of various constructions allied activities. Accordingly, a study of assessment of the soil quality has been carried out.

To assess impacts of ongoing project activities on the soil in the area, the physico-chemical characteristics of soils were examined by obtaining soil samples from selected points and

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analysis of the same. Three samples of soil were collected from the project site, vill- Janouli & vill - Baghola for studying soil characteristics.

2.4.2 Methodology of Soil Monitoring

The sampling has been done in line with IS: 2720 & Methods of Soil Analysis, Part-1, 2nd edition, 1986 of American Society for Agronomy and Soil Science Society of America. The homogenized samples were analyzed for physical and chemical characteristics (physical, chemical and heavy metal concentrations). The soil samples were collected in the month of Sept. 2014

The samples have been analyzed as per the established scientific methods for physicochemical parameters. The heavy metals have been analyzed by using Atomic Absorption Spectro-photometer and Inductive Coupled Plasma Analyzer.

2.4.3 Soil Monitoring Results

Three samples of soil were collected from the project site, vill- Janouli & vill - Baghola to check the quality of soil of the study area. The physico-chemical characteristics of the soil, as obtained from the analysis of the soil sample, are enclosed as **Annexure-3**

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